

COMPARING FLEXIBILITY EVALUATION METHODS IN SEVERE IDIOPATHIC SCOLIOSIS (MAJOR COBB ANGLE $\geq 90^\circ$): SUPINE TRACTION RADIOGRAPH VERSUS PHYSICIAN-SUPERVISED SIDE BENDING FILM

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Background:

Assessing flexibility is vital for AIS patients with curves over 90° . Traction radiograph is commonly utilised in assessing AIS patients with severe curves while supine side-bending films are routinely done for flexibility evaluation. Comparison between Physician-supervised side bending film (PSSB and traction radiographs in severe scoliosis had not been investigated.

Objectives:

To analyse the flexibility of severe scoliosis with Cobb angle $\geq 90^\circ$, comparing supine traction (ST) radiograph versus PSSB bending film.

Materials and methods:

Seventy-two severe idiopathic scoliosis patients in a single academic institution between 2015 and May 2023 who underwent single-staged PSF with curves $\geq 90^\circ$ with available anteroposterior, traction and side bending radiographs were recruited.

Results:

Fifty-seven patients had major curve in the MT region with mean Pre-Op Major Cobb of $107.3 \pm 16.7^\circ$ and mean post-op Major Cobb of $50.8 \pm 15.4^\circ$. 15 patients had severe curves in the TL/L region with mean pre-op Major Cobb of $101.1 \pm 8.3^\circ$ and mean post-op Major Cobb of $48.1 \pm 11.7^\circ$. Correction for major MT curve and major TL/L curve was $53.1 \pm 10.9\%$ and $52.7 \pm 9.9\%$, respectively. Paired t-test reported no significant difference for MT curve when comparing SBCI (1.7 ± 0.5) and TCI (1.6 ± 0.6). However, TL/L curve comparison between SBCI (1.3 ± 0.3) and TCI (1.4 ± 0.3) demonstrated a significant difference. The SBCI for TL/L curve was closer to 1 indicating that the Cobb angle on SB radiographs for TL/L curves could predict the post-operative Cobb angle better.

Conclusion:

PSSB and ST radiographs were comparable as an evaluating method in severe AIS patients with MT major curves. PSSB had a better prediction for the post-operative correction for TL/L major curves.